

FLORIDA FIRE CHIEFS' ASSOCIATION

PRESENTS IT'S
"STATEWIDE EMERGENCY RESPONSE PLAN"
TO

FIRE APPARATUS MANUFACTURERS' ASSOCIATION

NAPLES, FLORIDA

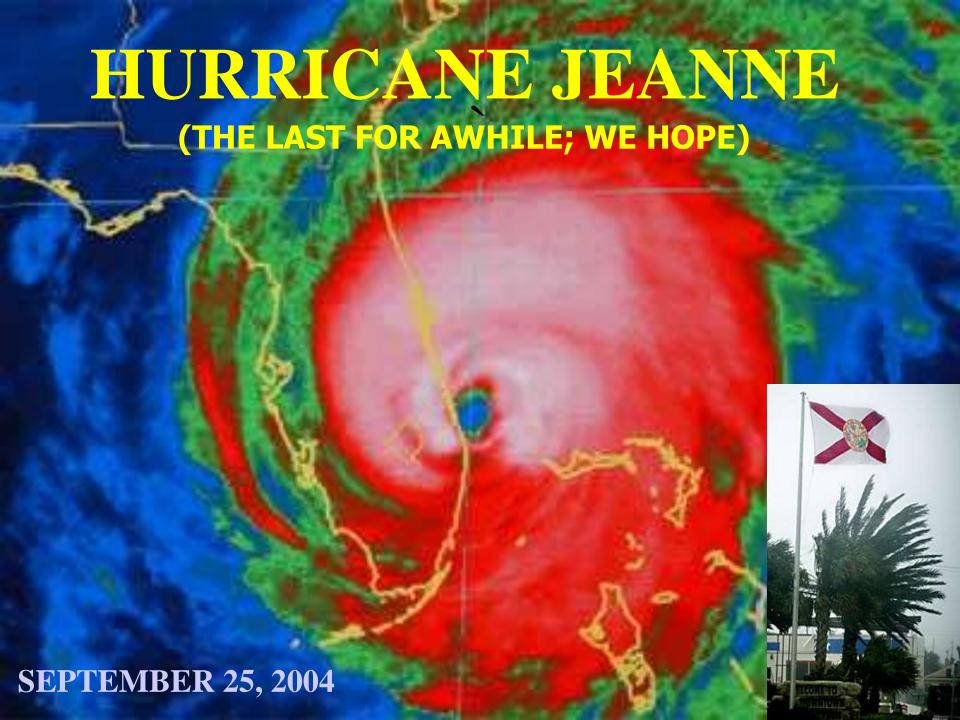
MARCH 14, 2005

CHIEF M. STUART MCELHANEY
FFCA NORTHEAST REGION DIRECTOR

SETTING THE STAGE

LOOK OUT CALIFORNIA,
FLORIDA IS RAPIDLY BECOMING
THE
"MASTER OF DISASTER"

OR,
WE HAD A FEW STORMS THIS
PAST SUMMER!











DESENSITIZED FLORIDIANS DID NOT EVACUATE AS THEY DID IN PREVIOUS STORMS. SHELTERS WERE ONLY 25% OF CAPACITY. SOME DID LEAVE AND PACKED EVERYTHING!













































FLORIDA FIRE CHIEFS' ASSOCIATION

STATEWIDE EMERGENCY RESPONSE PLAN

SERP

FFCA President, William L. Nesmith, CEM, CFO

SERP State Coordinator, Barry B. Baker

 Clear and systematic guide to manage man-made and natural disasters



Hurricanes



Wildfires



Acts of Terrorism

Calls for immediate and orderly mobilization and deployment of regional, state and local resources to devastated communities



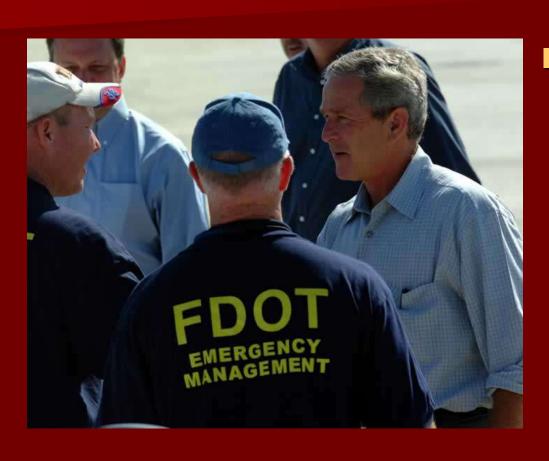


Offers a precise method
 of requesting and tracking
 personnel, equipment and
 expenses for reimbursement





Pre-designates leadership roles and responsibilities



Encourages statewide adoption of **Mutual Aid** Agreements and post disaster analysis and discussion

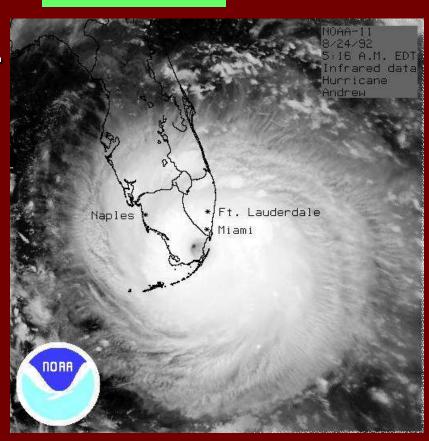
■ It is an award-winning plan that is modeled throughout the nation as well as identified in Florida's Comprehensive Emergency Management Plan (CEMP).



Why was the SERP initiated?

Previous to the SERP following Hurricane Andrew in 1992, help arrived in South Florida... TOO MUCH of it.

- The "help" was unexpected.
- The response was uncoordinated.
- Specific missions and destinations were never assigned.
- The affected area was unprepared.



How does the SERP benefit Floridians?

- Disasters are chaotic; everyone wants to help, but without proper coordination, free-lance and disorderly relief efforts can:
- frustrate the situation
- overburden the impacted area
- prevent effective communication





How does the SERP benefit Floridians?

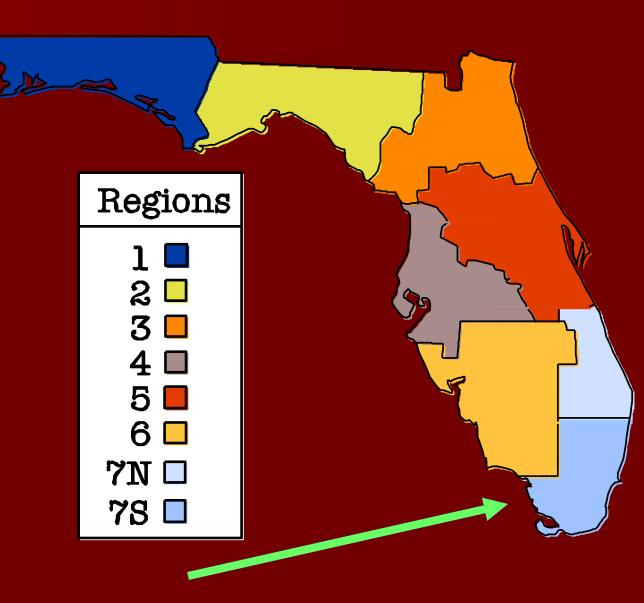




Thanks to SERP, Floridians receive a quick and uninterrupted emergency response from qualified and experienced public safety professionals with highly specialized skills and training.

Florida is divided into seven regions, each with a preappointed regional coordinator

The seventh region is broken into two sections: the north and south





Search and Rescue



 To activate SERP, the State Emergency Management Director works through

- ESF 4 (Firefighting)
- ESF 9 (Search and Rescue)
- ESF 8 (EMS)
- ESF 10 (Hazardous Materials)
- ESF 14 (Public Information)

The SERP chair then contacts the seven regional coordinators, who contact county coordinators.

The county
 coordinators
 keep updated and
 comprehensive lists
 of resources.

Every community can rely on and benefit from these resources, which promotes efficiency and significantly reduces response times to impacted areas.





The State EOC also assigns tasking numbers to specialty and relief teams who know their specific mission and destination even before leaving home.





 These tasking numbers are assigned to all equipment,



apparatus and personnel that are sent to impacted areas or staging locations.

Within a few hours the impacted community will prepare to receive resources, which minimizes confusion and prevents duplication of service.





How does an agency request resources?

Message #:		Date:		Time:			County:					Agency:			
Requestor:	Name :			Tel#:				Fa		Faix #:				иеи	
Brief Descrip	eilM to noi	sion Reques	ited :												
Resources Report:		Date:		Time:				Estima Releas			Date	:		Time	1
On Scene Contact:				Tel#:				Fax#:				Ne		Ċ	
Resources R	eport								Staging Tel #:						
Complete the top Personnel Estimated Daily Work Hrs: Personnel Estimated Daily Work This form and															
include mission information such as:															

- agency contact information
- description of the mission
- anticipated work hours and duration

How does an agency request resources?

Message #:		Date:		Time:			County:					Agency:			
Requestor:	Name :			Tel #:					Faix #:			•		tel	
Brief Descrip	ion of Mis	sion Requesi	ed:										•	·	
Resources Report:		Date:		Time:				Estimated Resource Release:		Date:			Time:		
On Scene Contact:				Tel #:				Fax#:				Ne		i:	
Resources Report Location:									Staging Tel #:						
Complete the top Personnel Estimated Daily Work Hrs: Personnel Estimated Daily Work Personnel Estimated Daily Work This form and															
include mission information such as:															

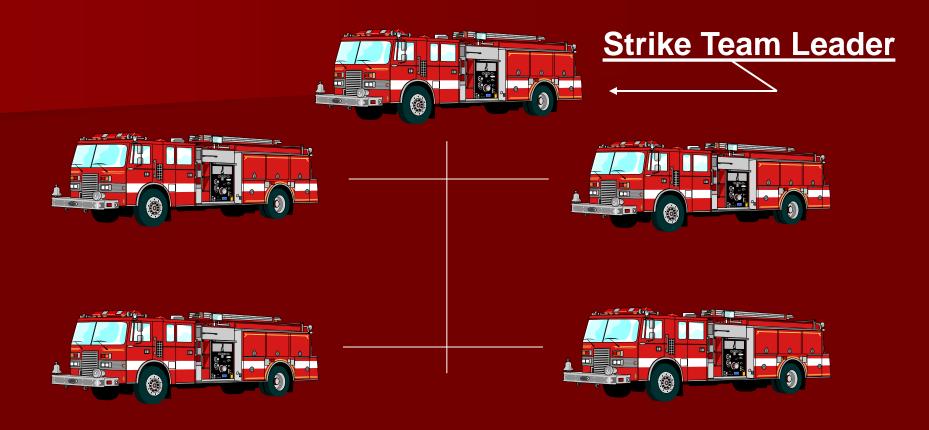
- on-scene contact information
- mission description
- reporting location

SINGLE RESOURCE



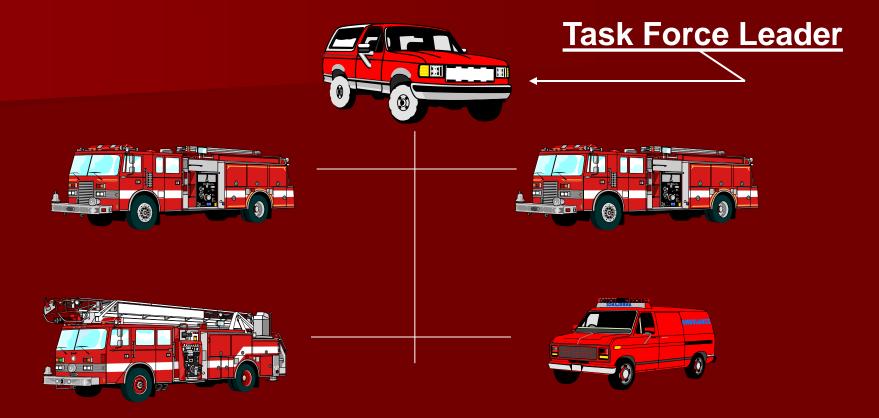
The minimum number of personnel and equipment assigned to a task

STRIKE TEAM



Two or more <u>similar</u> single resources with common communications and a leader

TASK FORCE



Two or more <u>dissimilar</u> single resources with common communications and a leader

The SERP in Action Since 1993

 Taking an all hazards approach, fire chiefs from Florida's 67 counties spent nearly 5 years developing the SERP and the last decade refining and updating it.

- organized

- unified

paramilitary chain-of-command

- proven record of success



The SERP in Action Since 1993

■ Tornadoes -- February, 1998





- Hurricane Georges September, 1998
- 9/11 Terrorist Attacks 2001
- Hurricane Season 2004



Hurricane Charley August 13, 2004

Ground Zero: Punta Gorda







Hurricane Frances September 5, 2004

Ground Zero: Sewall's Point







Hurricane Ivan September 16, 2004

Ground Zero: Florida Panhandle







Hurricane Jeanne September 25, 2004

Ground Zero: Stuart





One in five homes were impacted



■ The State Emergency Operations Center stayed activated from August 9 — November 2



■ 117 storm-related deaths





9.4 million people evacuated their homes



■ 368,000 people sought safety in public shelters



■ 8.5 million people reported power outages





Approximately 2,744 people deployed



23 Urban
Search and
Rescue Teams

7 Overhead Teams



22 Incident Management Teams



15 Logistics Officers



29 Liaisons



134 Fire Engines



- 136 Fire/ALS Rescues
- 23 Water Tenders
- 26 Assorted Vehicles
- 17 MAC Units



29 Dispatchers



17 Public Information Officers



Lessons Learned

- Many emergency agencies and responders are not familiar with the SERP
- More SERP trained FFCA members are needed in leadership roles during extended operations (depth is critical)
- Continual plan updating is essential to an effective operation
- Early intervention of "SERP Liaisons" is highly desirable

Lessons Learned

 SERP must be responsible for and control all EMS assets

- Discipline, discipline, discipline.....
- Strike teams are our strong suit
- USAR requires formal integration into the plan

Lessons Learned

 Communications must be established immediately and continually maintained

 We must build additional capabilities to care for our own

The FFCA has some highly skilled and dedicated members

FEMA Reimbursement

Emergency calls for hurricane related circumstances only

No backfill reimbursement

Timely and unacceptable changes

Consistency of information

The SERP in action in your community

Get involved and learn about the plan before an emergency.

Visit the Florida Fire Chiefs' Association web site at www.ffca.org.

Contact your county and regional coordinators and introduce yourself.

The SERP in action in your community

Keep and routinely update a list of regional and county coordinators.

Attend one of the SERP training classes routinely offered at Fire-Rescue EAST, the Governor's Hurricane Conference or other statewide events.

Attend SERP committee meetings scheduled three to four times a year.



FLORIDA FIRE CHIEFS' ASSOCIATION

"Our mission is to serve our members and communities by providing leadership, influence, information and direct action in fire, life safety and emergency services."



FLORIDA FIRE CHIEFS' ASSOCIATION

QUESTIONS?