

# Changes in Fire Apparatus Now and in the future



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Past President of FAMA – Year 2000

# Overview

- The changing fire service
  - Industry Statistics / Trends
- Manufacturer's are changing to meet your new needs
- NFPA / Safety Advancements
  - Cab & Chassis
    - Engine EPA 2010
  - Aerials
  - ARFF
- Other Technological advancement



Times have sure changed

What Changes do you see?

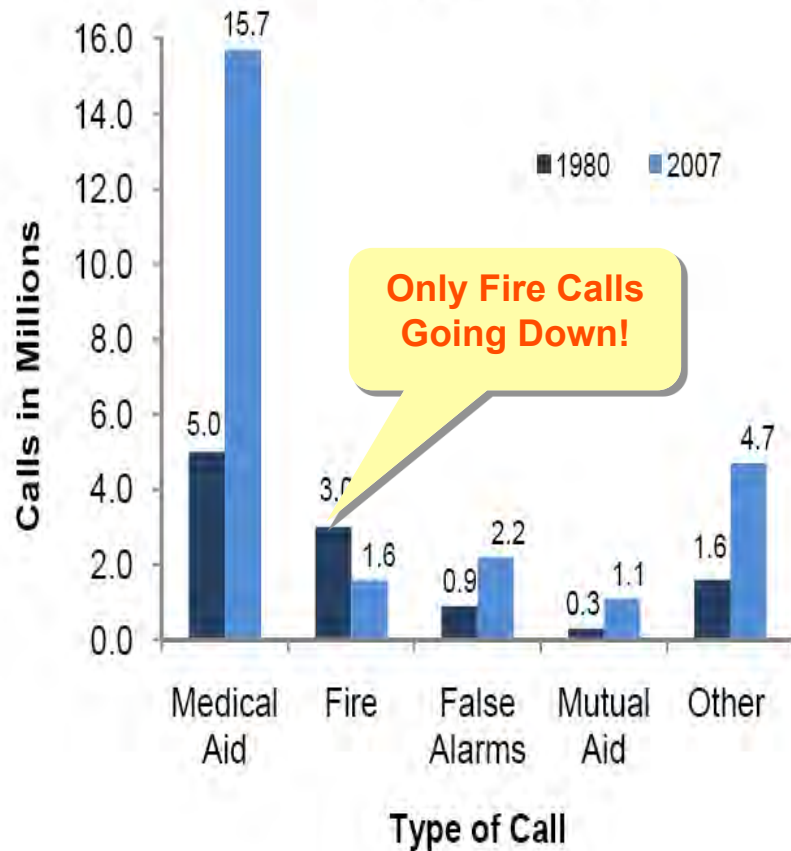
# The Changing Fire Service

“While all the hats and shirts you own have the word “fire department” on them, let’s face it, responding to fire is not what we do with the bulk of our response time... Let’s spend more time doing our job with a smile on our face and a demeanor that says, “I love this job and I love serving you.” Chief Jeff D. Johnson, April 2010

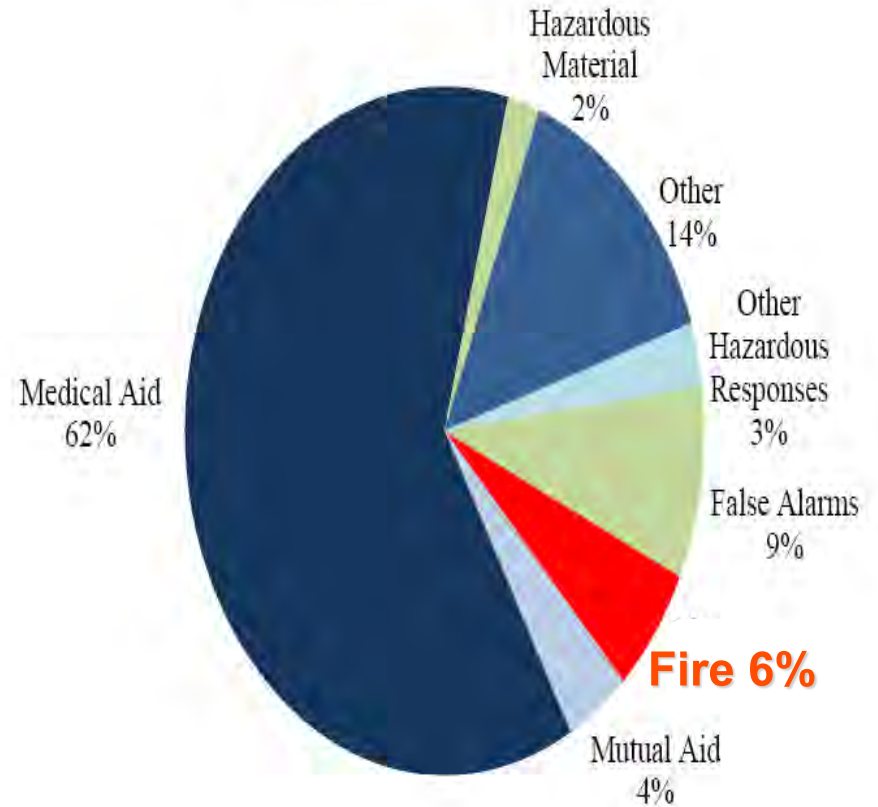
# Industry Statistics/Trends

# Fire Departments Calls More EMS and Less Firefighting

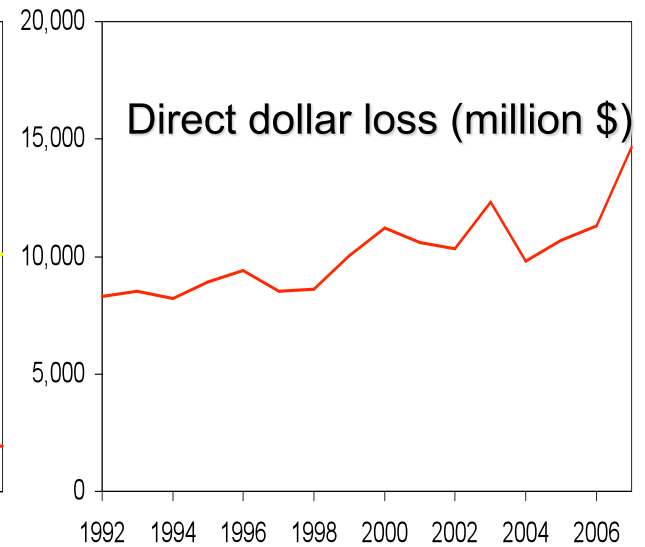
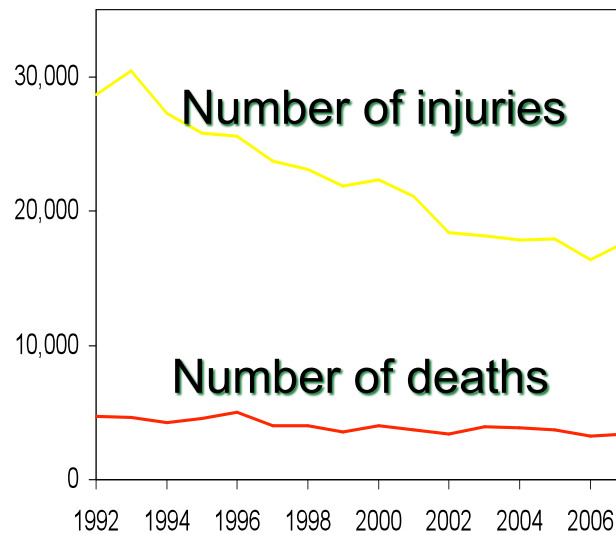
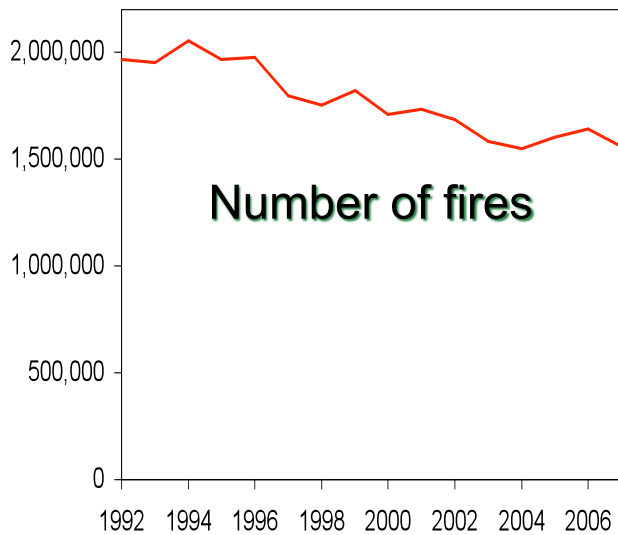
Comparison of Fire Department Calls  
In 1980 and 2007



Fire Department Calls in 2007



# U.S. fire trends (1992 – 2007)

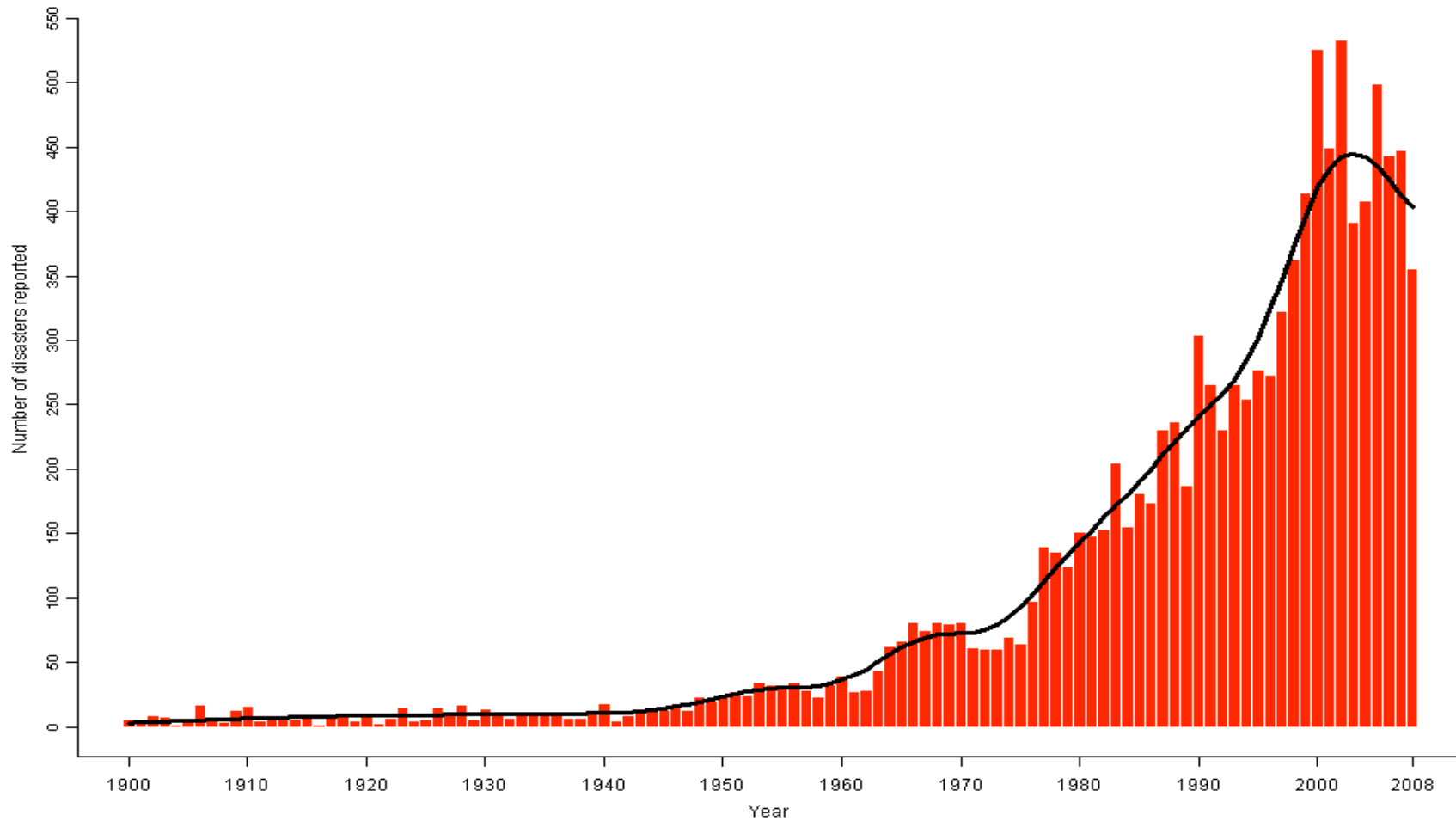


- Number of fires: 15% ▼
- Number of injures: 31% ▼
- Number of deaths: 20% ▼
- Direct dollar loss: 32% ▲

Conclusion -- Fewer Fires but those we are having are worse than even. Still need big water when needed.

# Natural Disasters on the Rise

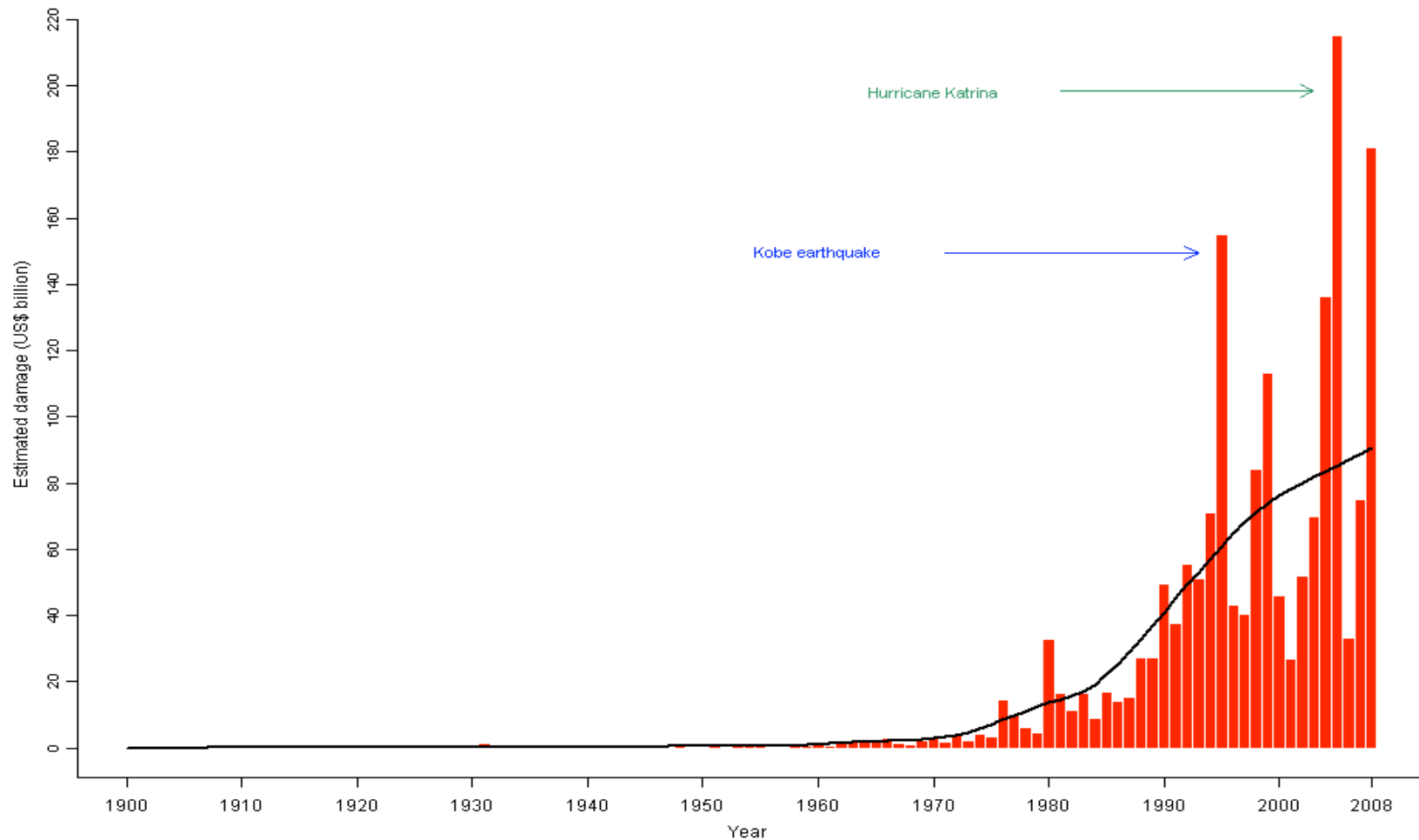
Natural disasters reported 1900 - 2008





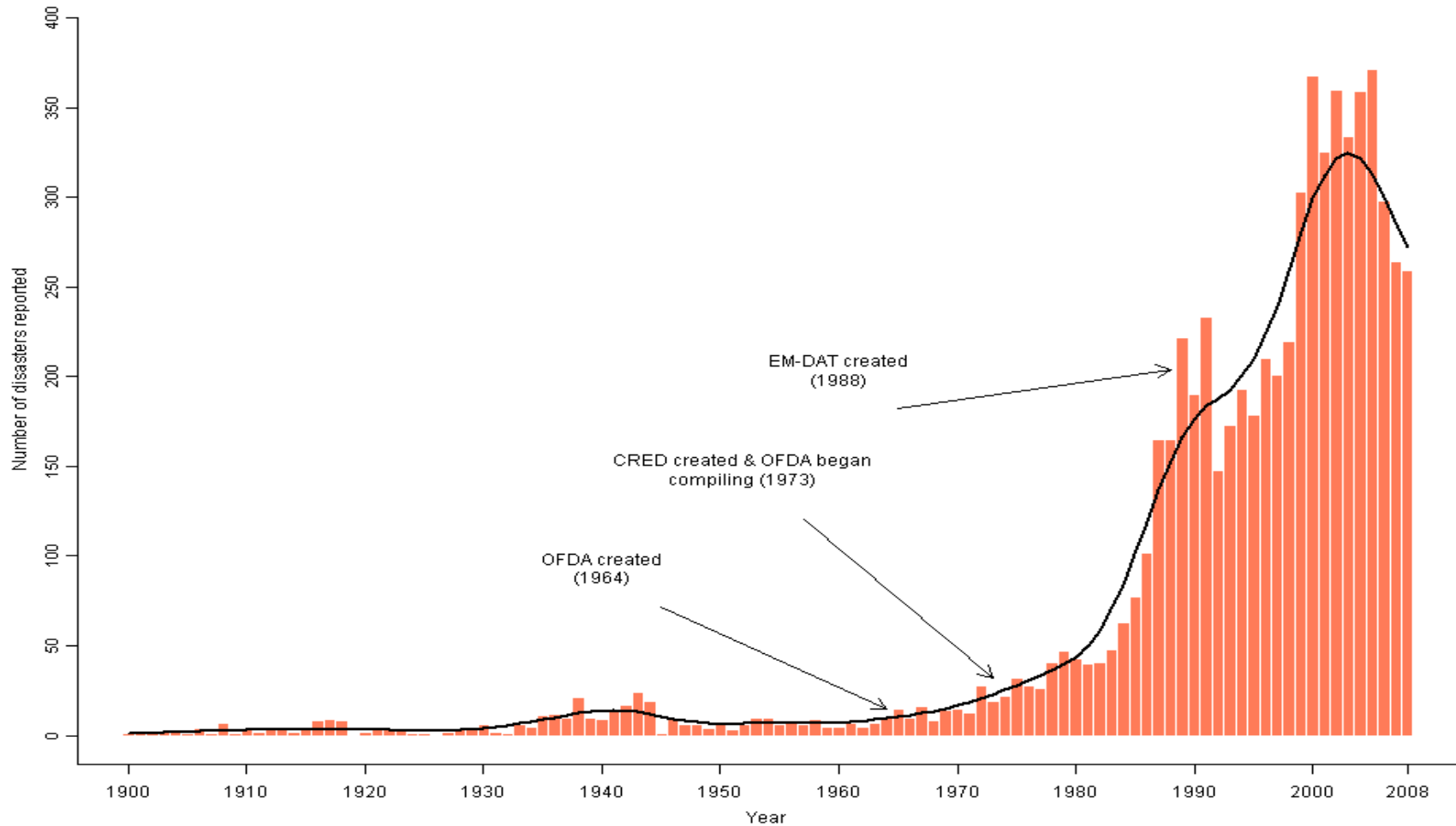
# Damages in Billions

Estimated damage (US\$ billion) caused by reported natural disasters 1900 - 2008



# Technological Disasters

Technological disasters reported 1900 - 2008



# Trends - Conclusion

- Number of calls has almost tripled in last 30 years
- More EMS Response
- Fewer Fires than ever before, but fires we are having are larger are causing more damage than ever
- Fire Service is the first responder for disasters (natural & technical) that are on the rise
- Fire Service needs multi-purpose vehicles that can do more
  - Need to carry additional equipment
  - Needs to be multifunctional and maneuverable
  - Still needs big water pumping capability
- Safety features are necessary, but adding cost
- Technological Advancements are being adapted faster than ever before
  - From use of Class A Foam, CAFS, body materials

# Fire Apparatus Market

- **There are an estimated 70,000 fire apparatus in service in the USA**
- **NFPA estimates 40,000 in-service US fire apparatus were built prior to NFPA 1901 (1991) standard.**
  - **10,000 are over 30 years old. (13%)**
  - **17,000 are 20-29 years old. (21%)**
  - **13,000 are 15-19 years old. (19%)**
- **Over 50% of all apparatus are over 15 years old**
- **Trend - Fleets are aging and not being replaced**

## Trends in Apparatus Sales

### Pumper Sales

- **Most shipped of any fire apparatus**
  - Greater than 50% of total shipping
- **Declining sales trend**
- **Industry efforts to multi-task apparatus**
- **Mini pumpers experiencing a steady growth**
- **Group includes: Rescue, Mini-Tanker and all other Pumpers**



## Walk-In Rescue

- Declined steadily
- Switch to Non-Walk-In



## Non-Walk In Rescue

- **Increased growth steadily**
  - Shipping doubled in 10 years
- **Shifting from firefighting to emergency response**
- **Desire to separate crew and equipment**



## Rectangular and Elliptical Tanker Sales

- **Increased growth**
- **Rectangular tankers have grown faster than elliptical**
  - Rectangular tankers have about twice as many sales
- **Converting former military and petroleum vehicles no longer common**
- **Rectangular can provide more capacity**





# Aerial Sales

- Slight increase in growth
- Group includes: Aerial Ladders, Tractor-Drawn Aerials, Aerial Platforms, and Water Tower Aerials



# Airport Rescue and Fire Fighting (ARFF) Sales

- Declined steadily
- Limited size of market



# Major Refurbishment

- **Declined steadily**
- **Mid-1990's were strong**
  - Possible response to 1991 revisions to NFPA 1901
- **Major refurbishing includes**
  - Pumpers, aerials, tankers, ARFF, and foam trucks



# Changes to Fire Apparatus as Result of Changing Needs

# Engines are being used to perform more tasks

- Traffic Control





# Engines are being used to perform more tasks

- Traffic Control



# Engines are being used to perform more tasks

- Lighting



# Engines are being used to perform more tasks

- SCBA Refilling





# Engines are being used to perform more tasks

- Disaster Response – Hazmat MABAS



# Engines are being used to perform more tasks

- Heavy Rescue





# Conventional Pumper - Rescue



# Trend toward Multi-Purpose Vehicles





# Trend toward Multi-Purpose Vehicles



# Trend toward Multi-Purpose Vehicles

## Integrated Pump Systems

- Increased Compartments
- Improved Service Access
- Simplified Operations
- Easy Maintenance





# Trend toward Multi-Purpose Vehicles



# Trend toward Multi-Purpose Vehicles

## Patient Transport with CAFS





# NFPA/Safety Advancements



# NFPA 1901

- ***Safety*** of firefighters to and from the scene and ***Frontline Service Life*** of apparatus are primary factors in the purchase decision.
- Initial price may carry “sticker shock” for apparatus built with all available safety features and “heavy-duty” components, but over time = savings when high run departments have fewer traffic injuries and 15+ years of front line service

# NFPA Changes in 1999 Standard

- 1996 & 1999 revisions brought more technology and improvements.
  - CAFS systems
  - Air systems
  - Quint standards
  - Communications
  - Scene lighting
  - Winches
  - Slip resistance
  - Equipment mounts
  - Air-pack fill stations
  - Load managers
  - Pre-delivery testing



# NFPA Changes in 2003



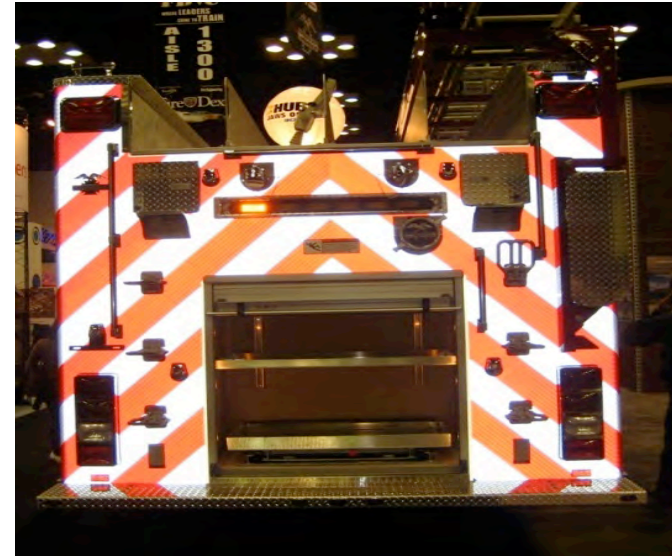
- More improvements mandated in 2003 revision.
  - 3rd Party Generator Testing.
  - Standardized Equipment Weight Table in “Annex C”.
  - Inlet relief valve
  - Positive-lock SCBA mounts
  - Ember separator specs
  - Reflective striping on inside of open cab doors
  - Large-capacity pumps
  - Hi-viz red crew seatbelts





# NFPA 1901 – 2009 Standard

- More 2009 safety improvements...
  - Reflective Striping on All Doors
  - Cab Structural Integrity Tests
  - Driver Adjustable Mirrors
  - Min. Clearance for Access Ladders
  - Better Handrails & Handholds
  - 50% Rear Reflective Striping
  - Ground Ladder Heat Shielding
  - Winch/Rope Anchor Requirements
  - Intake/Outlet Caps Secured to Truck
  - Aerial – Electronic Envelope Control
  - Aerial – Short-jacking Control
  - Safer Line Voltage Grounding
  - Breathing Air Quality Monitor
  - Winch Free-Spooling Clutch Required
  - Trailer Safety Standards Added



# NFPA 1901 2009 Revision Requirements

- Electronic Fluid checks.
- Data Recorders
- Roll Stability requirements  
( System or Tilt Table Certification)
- Seat Belt warning indicators.
- Tire Pressure monitors.
- Apparatus Weight vs. Top Speed limitations.
- Secured cab interior equipment mounting guidelines.
- No Helmets worn in response. (Various storage provisions)
- Changes in weight estimations. (Personnel weight figured at 250# per person in place of old 225# per person. Could affect axle rating)
- **Future? Who knows? Safety will be prevailing factor...**



# Cab & Chassis Advancements

# Safety Systems

- Traffic deaths are the second leading cause of firefighter death.
  - 5,000 accidents in 2008 responding to or returning from a fire
  - 25-30 Deaths
- Frontal Airbags
- Side Roll Airbags
- Electronic Stability Control  
ESC





# Safety Systems

- Independent Front Suspension
- Improved Ride Quality by 340%
  - Improves Handling
  - Enhances Vehicle Control
- Introduced 17” Brakes
  - 23% Shorter Stopping
  - Longer Brake Life



# Safety Systems

- Tire Protection Systems

- Monitor Pressure
- Keep Tire on Rim



- Caps That Vent Pressure

- An Extra Layer of Safety
- Releases Trapped Residual Pressure



# SCBA Brackets

- Inertia Activated
  - No Latches or Straps
  - Walk-Away Design
- Electric
  - Released w/Parking Brake
  - Walk-Away Design
- Pull Release
  - Cable Actuated



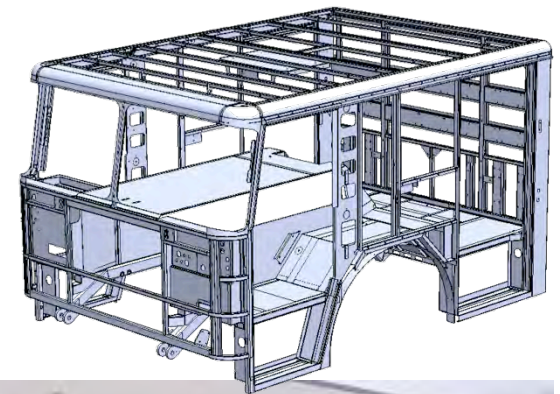
## Example of Helmet Storage Brackets





# Cab Safety

- OEMs are investing more than ever in Cab/Chassis Strength & Safety
  - Exceeded SAE and ECE-R29 crash test requirements with a single test cab
  - Roll Stability system testing
  - Seat belt anchor testing
  - Roof & Pillar overload testing



# Seat & Seatbelt Pretensioners

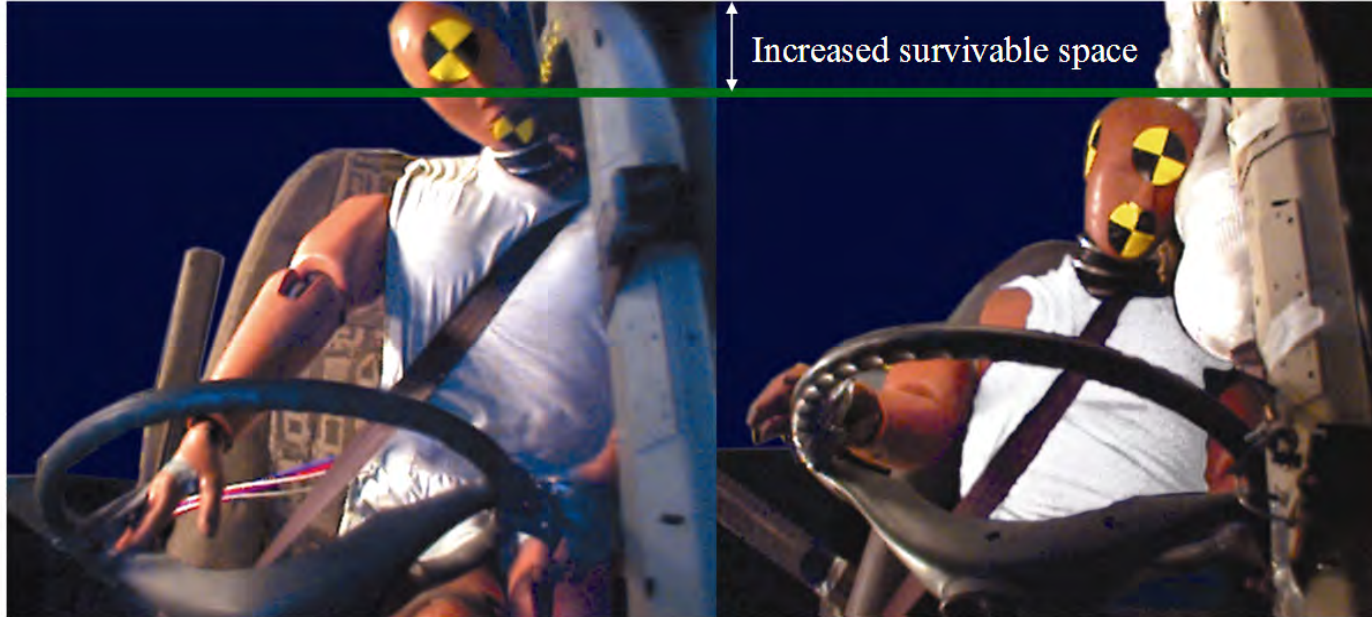


# Pretensioners & Side Airbags



# Pretensioners & Side Airbags

## RollTek Side Roll Protection



Without RollTek

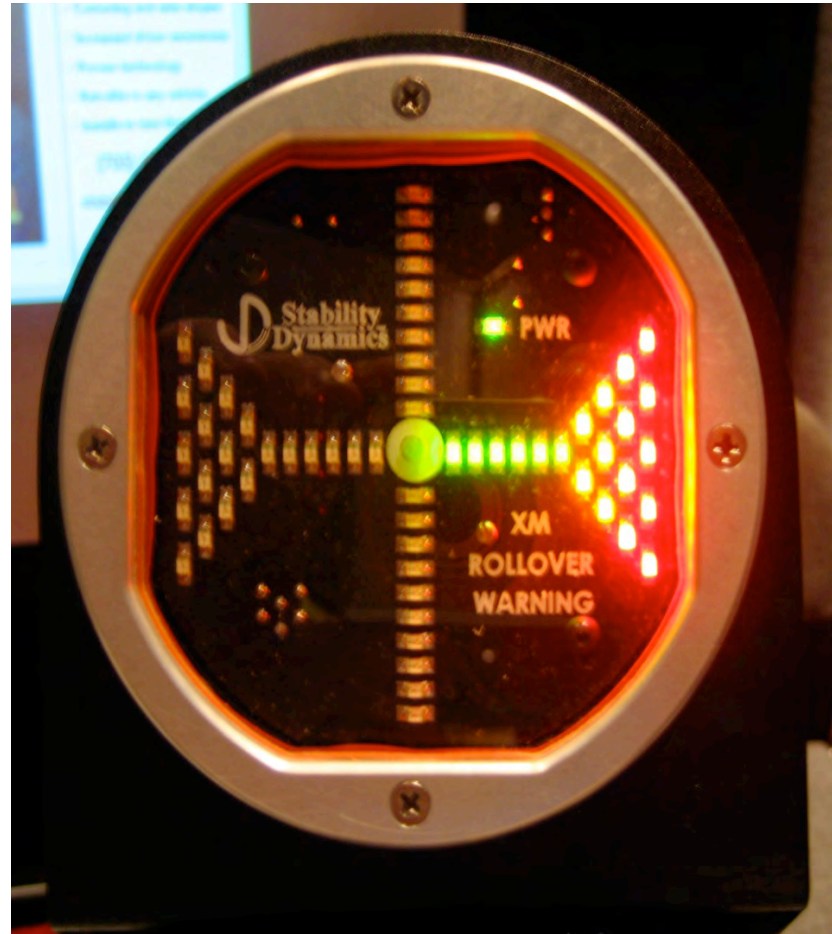
With RollTek



# Static Stability Testing



# Lateral Acceleration Indicator

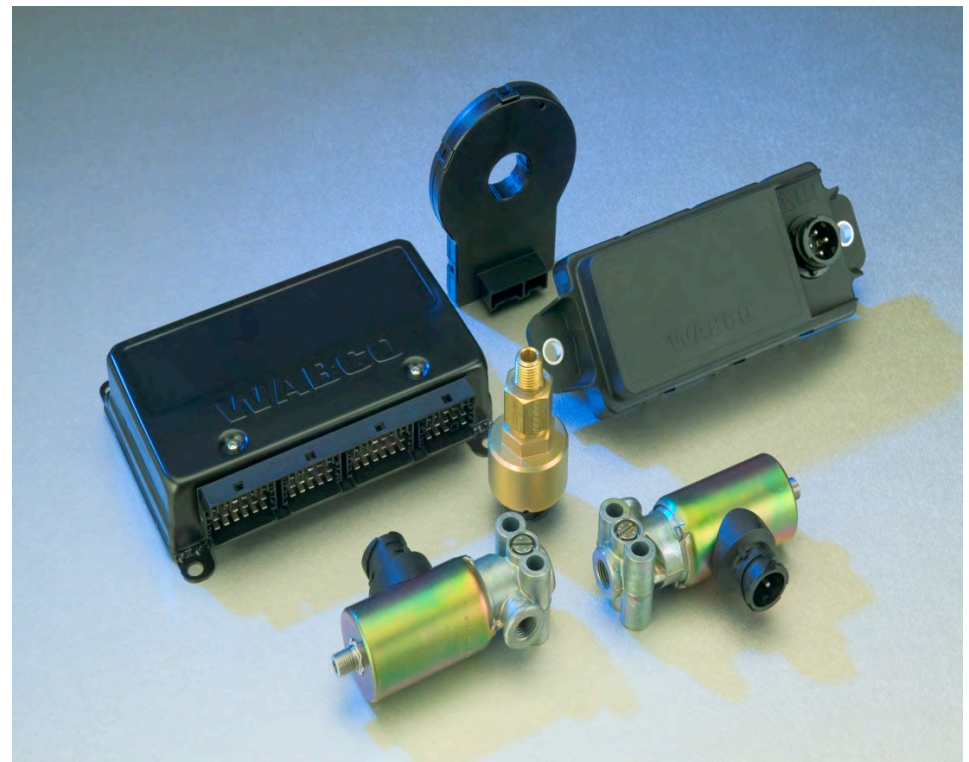




# Roll Stability Control



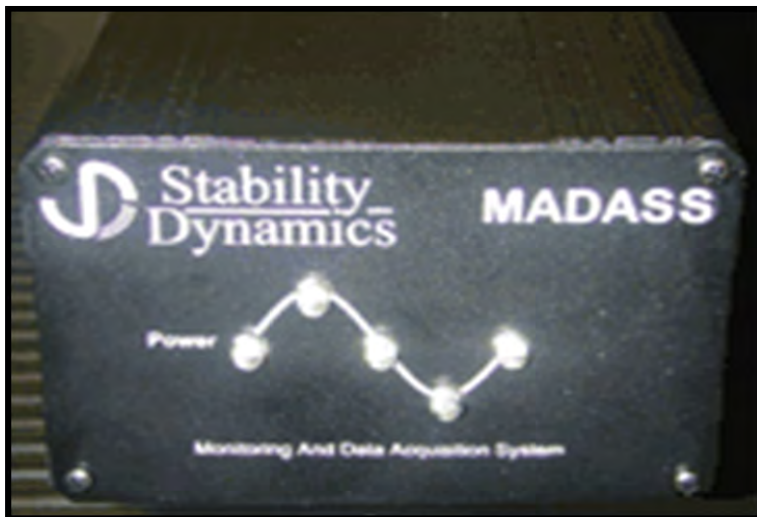
# Electronic Stability Control



# Event Data Recorders



- Vehicle speed (MPH)
- Acceleration (MPH/sec)
- Deceleration (MPH/sec)
- Engine speed (RPM)
- Engine throttle position
- ABS event
- Seat occupied status
- Seat belt status
- Master optical warning switch position
- Time
- Date





# Seat Status Indicator



# Structural Integrity Testing



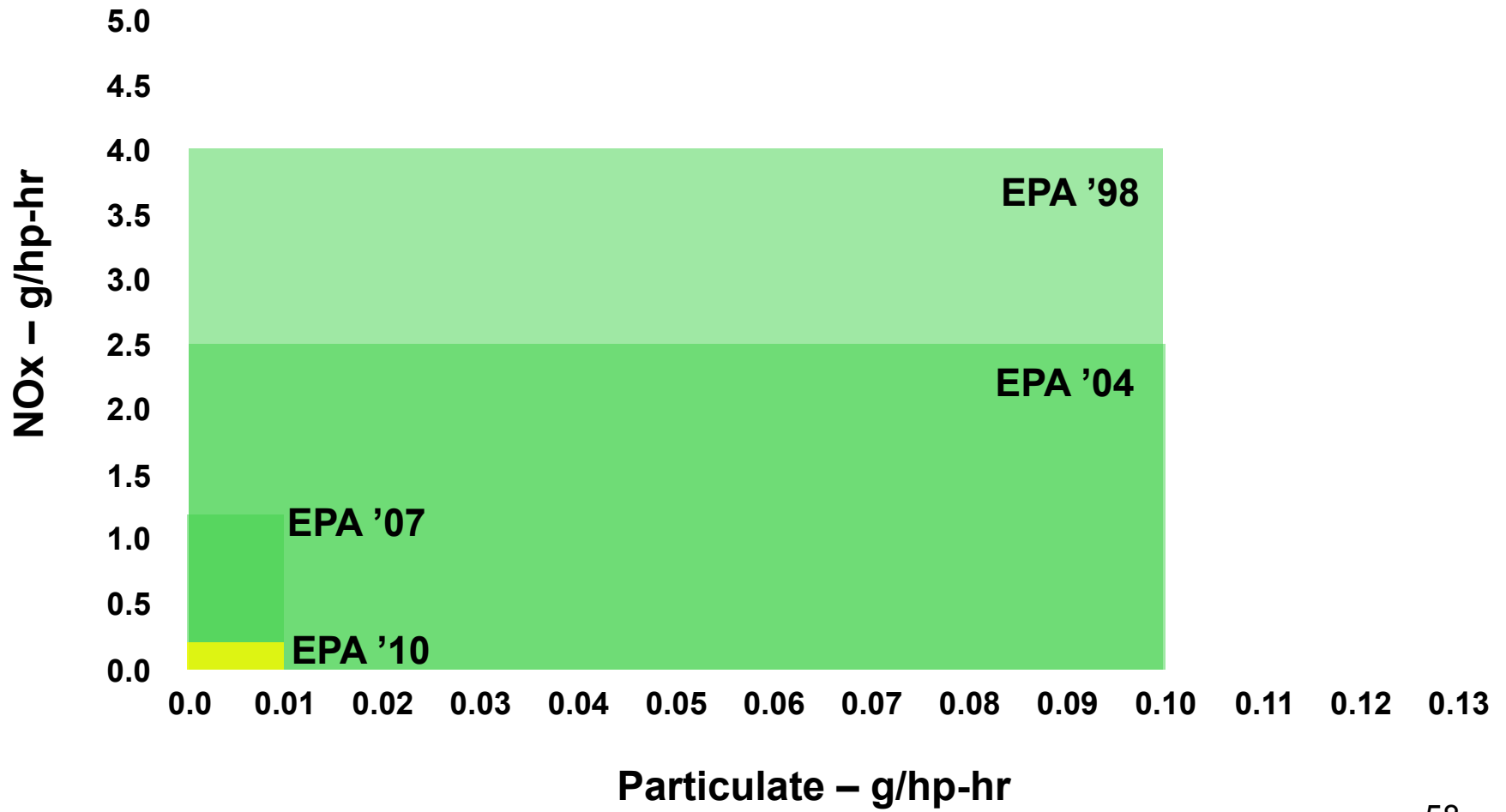


# Crashworthiness Testing



# Engine & Transmission Advancements 2010 Emissions

# North America On-Highway Standards – 2010 Emission Standards



# 2010 Engine Emissions – Radical Changes - New Vocabulary

- **DEF**... Diesel Exhaust Fluid (Urea)
- **SCR**... Selective Catalytic Reduction
- **DPF**... Diesel Particulate Filter
- **ECU**... Electronic Control Unit
- **ECM**... Electronic Control Module
- **EGR**... Exhaust Gas Recirculation
- **CO<sub>2</sub>**... Carbon Dioxide

# New Vocabulary

- **OBD**... **O**n **B**oard **D**iagnostics
- **NOx**... **N**itrogen **O**xide
- **ESC**... **E**lectronic **S**tability **C**ontrol
- **RSC**... **R**oll **S**tability **C**ontrol
- **VGT**... **V**ariable **G**eometry **T**urbo
- **EMI/RFI**... **E**lectro**M**agnetic **I**nterference  
**R**adio **F**requency **I**nterference
- **SCAAN**... **S**ystem for **C**omputerized  
**A**pplication **A**nalysis

# Cummins After treatment System (switchback configuration)

**Selective  
Catalytic  
Reduction  
(SCR)  
Catalyst**

**Decomposition  
Reactor**



**Cummins  
Particulate  
Filter**

**Diesel Exhaust Fluid  
(DEF) Dosing Valve**



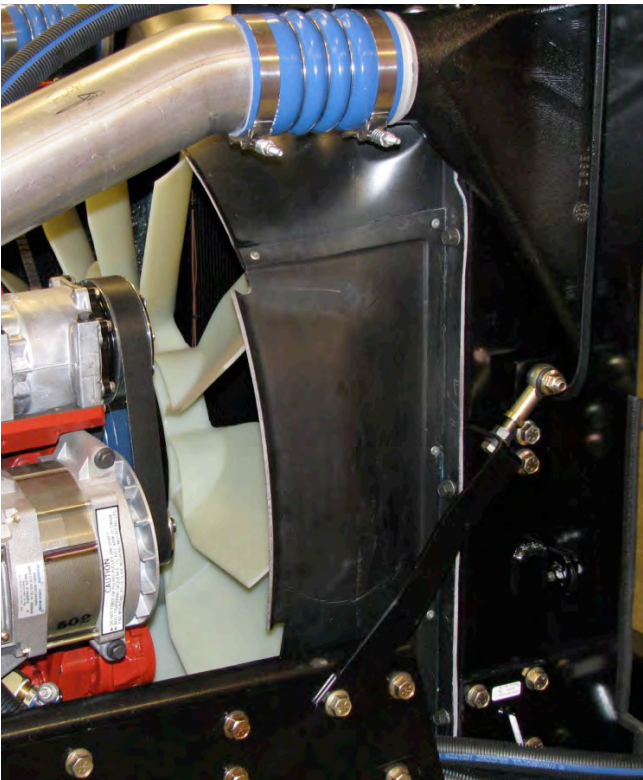
## Actual View of Inline After treatment System



- DEF Fill Port with Integrated Drain
- Distance from engine controlled by engine manufacturer

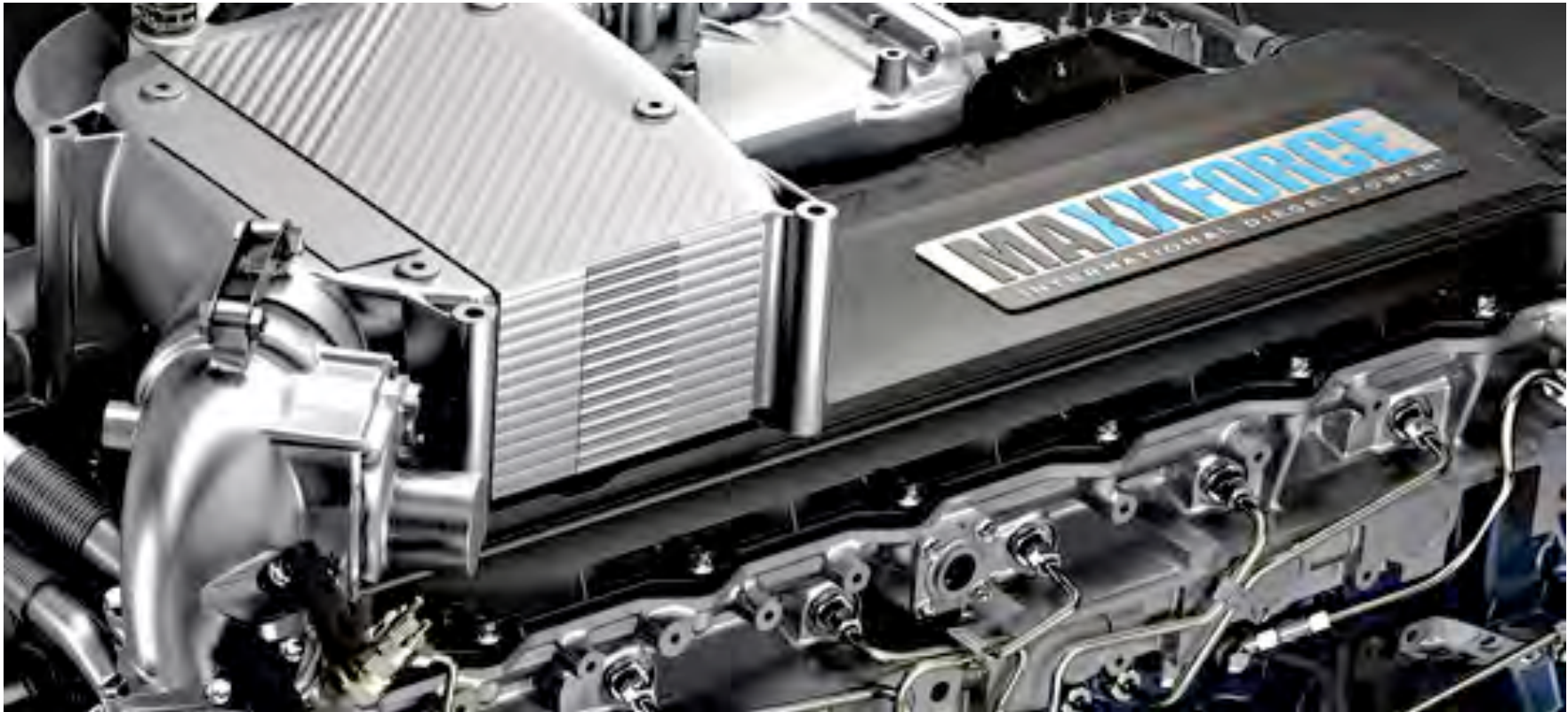


- **Improved but larger cooling systems for higher engine temps**
  - Larger cores
  - Fan & shroud optimized
  - Improved seals and baffles





# Advanced EGR Emission



No Urea Necessary



# Transmission Advancements

- Allison EVS 3000
  - Full engine Horsepower through the PTO



- REPTO Transmission
  - Rear Engine PTO
  - Constant Drive



# Transmissions

## Driving Large Pumps

- Most new multipurpose fire apparatus have pumps being driven by PTO
  - PTO Pumps to 1500
  - Compact
  - Easy to maintain
  - Compact – leaves room
  - Gets around emission component issues



# Aerials

# Technological Advancements – Aerials

- **Aerial Devices**
  - **250# min. ladder tip load – 750# for platforms.**
  - **Controls & breathing air in platform.**
  - **Water curtain cooling systems.**
  - **Static load support of 1.5x rated cap.**
  - **Stabilizer movement alarm & striping.**



# Elevated Master Streams

- Aerials are utilized 90% of the time for elevated master streams and 10% of the time for rescue.
- Incorporating elevated master streams on pumper apparatus is a cost effective and efficient alternative.
- Light weight water towers allow for more equipment, water and foam to be carried on standard pumper apparatus.



# Elevated Master Streams



# Elevated Master Streams

## Residential Obstacles

- Residential areas are being developed and reconfigured to create a “small town” atmosphere including more “green zones”.
  - Tree lined streets make it difficult to utilize master streams for structural fire fighting.
  - Narrow streets and cul-de-sacs make it difficult to maneuver aerial apparatus or set-up outriggers.
  - Tree lined streets make large aerial devices tree trimming vehicles.





# Quints have become popular



# 75 Aerial Ladder





# 100 Aerial LADDER





# 100 Aerial Platform



# Aerial Command Seat



# Crash Trucks

# Radical Changes





# HIGH TECH CAB INTERIOR



## Mission Control Style Cab Environment

- Function Specific, Purpose Driven Controls

# IMPROVED CAB VISIBILITY



Increased Visibility with 84 square ft of glass



# RAPID INTERVENTION VEHICLE





▪  
WATER/FOAM, CAFS, DRY CHEMICAL, AND  
HALOTRON DELIVERED FROM A SINGLE  
QUAD-AGENT HANDLINE OR BUMPER TURRET





■

# ULTRA HIGH PRESSURE (UHP) WATER/FOAM DELIVERY



# Technological Advancement

# Polypropylene Bodies & Trays

- Poly Bodies are made from the same tough, durable, impact-resistant polypropylene that are used for 99% of water tanks.





# Polypropylene Bodies

- They will not rust or corrode
- Very Durable can resist day-to-day dings and dents
- Lighter weight than conventional steel or fiberglass bodies.
- PODS





# Alternative Construction Materials

Glass-fibre Reinforced Polyester-  
GRP



# High Tech Control Panels

## Relief Valves are becoming extinct





# Multiplexed Electrical Controls



# Ultra-High Pressure Systems





▪

# DRY CHEMICAL DELIVERED “DRY” OVER 90’ WITH PULSE DELIVERY TECHNOLOGY



# Radio Remote Controls





# Water Purification Incorporated into the Pump Module



Hurricanes

Tornados

Floods

Decon Clean Up



# CAFS for High Rise Applications

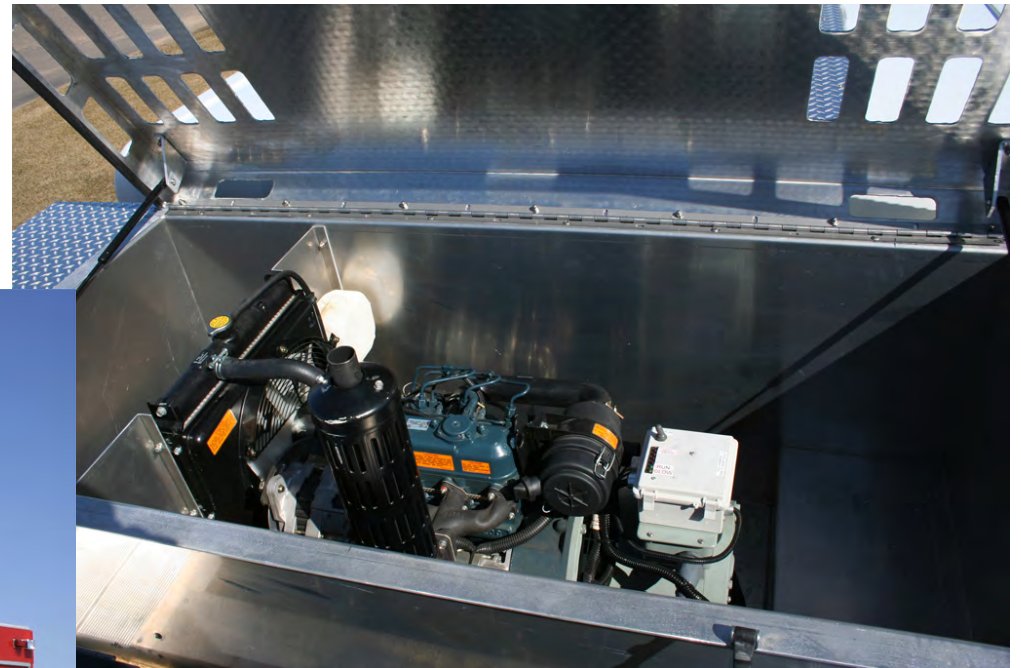
- Class A Foam & CAFS have been growing in popularity
  - Much simpler to operate and maintain
  - Reliable
  - Can be retrofitted
- High Rise Applications
  - Very Little Friction loss





# Going Green

- Idle Reduction
- Natural Gas



# [www.fama.org](http://www.fama.org)

- FAMA Fire Apparatus Improvement White paper – report on technical changes
- Fire Apparatus Equipment Weight and Cube Calculator
- NFPA, Engine Standards Presentations
- [famafemsagac.org](http://famafemsagac.org) – [firegrantdata.com](http://firegrantdata.com) and other general information

# Common Purpose

- Safety of the firefighter and those you service
- Manufacturers are changing to meet your changing needs
- Customer Service – Most manufacturer’s “get it”
  - What is your customer’s “Pain”?
- “The most important thing we can do for our industry is demonstrate that we “get it” – that we understand that this is an unprecedented economic storm and that it’s not business as usual. The second thing we can do is understand what our customers need and strive to fulfill it.” Chief Jeff D. Johnson, April 2010

# Thank you

